DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE 865d.01/196	FOR #47	
FROMItaly	(Kirk) DATED	⁰ ot. 22, 19 3 6
го	NAME	1—1127

REGARDING: Division of territory of the Government of Eritrea into elevan Regional Commissariats and one Autonomous Residency. Announcement of-

he



TIRE & RUBBER EXPORT COMPANY

CABLE ADDRESS GOODYEAR ALL CODES USED

AKRON, OHIO, U. S. A.

1936 DEC 2

BB285

DIVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS

November 30, 1936.

79 Taso



Department of State Washington D C

Gentlemen:

Italian Colonies

- 1. Please be kind enough to advise us as to the political status of the Italian Colonies in Africa.
- 2. We refer in particular to the Colonies in East Africa, namely, Eritrea, Italian Somaliland and Ethopia. Are these three colonies separate and distinct one from the other, or have they been merged into one territory?
- 3. Also please advise what are the correct names of these territories.
- 4. Any additional information which you can give us regarding these territories would be very much appreciated.

Very truly yours,

THE GOODYEAR TIRE & RUBBER EXPORT COMPANY

P A Bryan

R C

In reply refer to WE 865 D.014/2

> The Goodyear Tire and Rubber Export Company, Akron, Ohio.

Sirs:

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of
November 30, 1936, in which you request information as to the political status of the Italian
colonies in Africa, with particular reference to the
colonies in East Africa.

As pertinent to your inquiry, there is quoted below in translation Articles 1, 2 and 4 of Section 1 of Royal Decree-Law No. 1019 of June 1, 1936, of the Italian Government, entitled "The Organization and Administration of Italian East Africa".

"Article 1:

The territories of the Ethiopian Empire, of Eritrea and of Somalia constitute Italian East Africa.

It has a juridical personality and is governed and represented - in the name of the King Emperor - by a Governor General, who has the title of Viceroy of Ethiopia.

The Government General of Italian
East Africa has its headquarters at Addis Ababa.

"Article 2:

The Ethiopian Empire is composed:
of the Government of Amhara, with its
capital at Gondar;
of the Government of Galla and Sidama,
with its capital at Jimma;
of the Government of Harar, with its
capital at Harar;
of the Governorship of Addis Ababa,
which is organized into a municipal
administration, governed by a Governor
under the direct dependence of the

Each Government and the Governorship of Addis Ababa has juridical personality.

Government General.

"Article 4:

The territory of the Tigrai between the line Mareb-Belesa-Muna and the line Tacazza-Tsellari-Lake Ascianghi, and that of the Danakil from the lowland east of Lake Ascianghi to the southern limit of the Aussa form part of Eritrea and are placed under the jurisdiction of that Government.

The territory inhabited by the Ogaden Somalia populations between the frontier of British Somalia and the Dacata river, the Uebi Gestro and the Ganale Doria forms part of Italian Somalia and is placed under the jurisdiction of that Government.

The Government of Eritrea and the Government of Somalia have juridical personality."

The Royal Decree-Law referred to above was published in the Official Cazette of the Italian Government, dated June 13, 1938, No. 36.

Very truly yours,

For the Acting Secretary of State:

ALA

James Clement Dunn, Chief, Division of Western European Affairs. A ma conv of the signed ligh-

THE JOHN C. WINSTON COMPANY

DEFARTMENT OF STATEPUBLISHERS

PHILADELPHIA

DEPARTMENT O DIVISION OF NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS

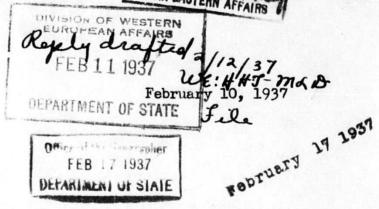
EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT 937 FEB 11 AM 9 54

> DIVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS

Department of State Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen:

405 N.014



Office of the Congresoher FEB 17 1937 DETARIMENT UT STATE

We publish geography and history textbooks for use in the United States containing maps of practically every country in the world and their possessions.

The question of Ethiopia is now before us as we prepare the map plates for a new edition. We are advised by the Italian ambassador that Ethiopia is to be shown as Italian territory. He states further that this policy has been recognized by several nations and is already appearing on maps in this country and in other countries.

We should like to have the advice of the Department of State on the advisability of showing this area as Italian territory. You understand, of course, that any statement you may make to us will be absolutely confidential and go no further.

Very truly yours,

WINSTON COMPANY THE JOHN B

ichols



In reply refer to WE 865 D.014/3

Mr. William B. Nichols,
Editorial Department,
The John C. Winston Company,
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Sirt

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter dated

February 10, 1937, in which you ask the opinion of

the Department of State on the advisability of showing

the Ethiopian Empire as Italian territory in connection

with the publication of geography and history text
books for use in the United States.

The Department regrets that it is not in position to offer any advice or to make any statement in connection with this matter.

Very truly yours,

For the Secretary of State:

James Clement Dunn, Chief, Division of Western European Affairs.

E:HHT: MLD 2-12-37

NEW

RP

18

O I

DOCUMENT FILE

NOTE

SEE	862.014/ 325	FOR	Despatch #208
FROM	Milan	(Sholes)	DATEDFeb.11,1938

REGARDING:

German and Italian activity in East Africa. Persistent reports of German negotiations with Italian authorities for the exploitation of certain areas of timber near Port Durnford, Djubaland.

DIVISION OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS

August 9, 1938

NE Mr. Murray

Mr. Welles has asked me to express my opinion on this matter. I agree with your Division that the use of the phrase "Italian East Africa" for statistical purposes would not imply in any sense recognition of Italian sovereignty. I should prefer, however, to keep the words "Italian East Africa" in quotation marks.

Pierrepont Moffat

H.H.T.

Eu:PM:ASD

DEPARTMENT OF STATES

NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS

DIVISION OF NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS August 5

WSM:

It does not seem to me that the question of recognition necessarily enters into the problem raised here by the Bureau of Foreign & Domestic Commerce. I should think that designation of an area as "ITalian East Africa" for statistical purposes could be accepted on our part without in any way implying that we concede Italian sovereignty over the whole of that area, particularly as it includes territory which we have long admitted to be Italian.

In the case of "Manchukuo", you recall, we always put the word in quotes. If we desired to be ultracautious about the matter, we might consider adopting the same course in respect to "Italian East Africa."

Similarly, I see no objection to the issuance of a circular containing information on the area in question, though I wonder where all the interest comes from that prompts the interest comes from that prompts the Bureau to get out such a publication.

HZV

ASSISTANT SECRETARY

NE Should be flood
to that I shall

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DEMESTIC COMMERCE

INFORMAL

1938 AUG 2 AM 10 1938.

AUG TO

DIVISION OF

Hon. George S. Messersmith, DIVISION OF Assistant Secretary of State WD RECORDS Washington, D.C.

Attention A-M/C

My dear Mr. Messersmith:

In several of the publications of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce a difficulty has arisen in connection with data covering Eritrea, Italian Somaliland, and Ethiopia, the area called "Italian East Africa" in Italian official publications.

Statistics available cover the area as a whole in many instances, so that it is not possible to segregate "Ethiopia" from the remainder of the territory. However, as Ethiopia has not been recognized by this Government as Italian territory, the Bureau wishes to be informed by the Department of State as to what designation to use for the entire area.

Interest in "Italian East Africa" has prompted the Bureau to assemble material suitable for issue as a mimeographed descriptive circular. Would it be permissible for the Bureau to release such a circular, and, if so, what name should be used to describe the territory?

Very truly yours,

July 1

H. Lawrence Groves, Chief, Foreign Commerce Service.

HI LIHI

afterior and a state of the same

July 30, 1938.

Hon. George S. Messersmith,
Assistant Secretary of State,
Department of State,
Washington, D.C.

23

Attention A-M/C

My dear Mr. Messersmith:

In several of the publications of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce a difficulty has arisen in connection with data covering Eritrea, Italian Somaliland, and Ethiopia, the area called "Italian East Africa" in Italian official publications.

Statistics available cover the area as a whole in many instances, so that it is not possible to segregate "Ethiopia" from the remainder of the territory. However, as Ethiopia has not been recognized by this Government as Italian territory, the Bureau wishes to be informed by the Department of State as to what designation to use for the entire area.

Interest in "Italian East Africa" has prompted the Bureau to assemble material suitable for issue as a mimeographed descriptive circular. Would it be permissible for the Bureau to release such a circular, and, if so, what name should be used to describe the territory?

Very truly yours.

H. Lawrence Groves, Chief, Foreign Commerce Service.

A-M/C

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DIVISION OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS

August 27, 1938

Mr. Villard:

Eu understood that Le's criticism of the memorandum of August 11, 1938 to Commerce as drafted was that the use of quotation marks with the words Italian East Africa might irritate the Italians unnecessarily in that no question of recognition would be raised by leaving the quotation marks out. The present draft attached to your memorandum of August 25, 1938 would seem to increase rather than decrease the risk of irritating the Italians unnecessarily and thus would seem to run counter to Le's original intention.

Would it not answer all purposes to modify Le's suggestion attached to your memorandum of August 25, 1938 as follows:

"The Department perceives no objection to the use of the designation Italian East Africa exclusively for statistical purposes but suggests that if it is so used it be accompanied by an explanatory footnote to the effect that the designation and figures are taken from Italian official publications."

Eu:Hamlin:LF

94

HA ON

9 y

DIVISION OF NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS aug. 23 an. Hamlin: In response to your request. I took this matter and he suggests the attached draft as a reply to Commence. I understand that this phraseology has been approved by M. Hackworth.

THE LEGAL ADVISER

ME. Joens

DIVISION OF EUROPEAN AFFAIRS

August 13, 1938

P.M.

Mr. Villard in NE telephoned that he talked to Mr. Ward in Le about the use of quotation marks, and the latter expressed the personal opinion that such use might unnecessarily call attention to the matter and irritate the Italians, while leaving them off would not involve the question of recognition. I should have the finite later and the same whigh.

Eu: Tittmann: LF

OKIPH HIT-T-

DOCK

September 8, 1938

MEMORANDUM TO THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

The Commercial Office of the Department of State refers to the Bureau's letter dated July 30, 1938, requesting the name which should be used to describe the territory embraced in Eritrea, Italian Somaliland, and Ethiopia, which has been designated Italian East Africa in Italian official publications.

The Department perceives no objection to the use of the designation Italian East Africa exclusively for statistical purposes but suggests that if it is so used it be accompanied by an explanatory footnote to the effect that the designation and figures are taken from Italian official publications.

A-M/C/GHK:LR 9/8/38

KN fun 84.

LE A-M



DEPARTMENT OF STATE WASHINGTON

August 11, 1938

MEMORANDUM TO THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

The Commercial Office of the Department of State refers to the Bureau's letter dated July 30, 1938, requesting the name which should be used to describe the territory embraced in Eritrea, Italian Somalitand, and Ethiopia, which has been designated "Italian East Africa" in Italian official publications. The Department perceives no objection to the use of the phrase "Italian East Africa" for statistical purposes and is of the opinion that the phrase should only be used within quotation marks.



MEMORANDUM TO THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

The Commercial Office of the Department of State refers to the Bureau's letter dated July 30, 1938, requesting the name which should be used to describe the territory embraced in Eritrea, Italian Somaliland, and Ethiopia, which has been designated "Italian East Africa" in Italian official publications. The Department perceives no objection to the use of the phrase "Italian East Africa" for statistical purposes, and is of the opinion that the phrase should only be used within quotation marks.

A-M/C:GHK:EE

Eu

[DRAFT]

Suggested in Lieu of Last Sentence of Attached Draft

The Department perceives no objection to the use of
the designation Italian East Africa exclusively for
statistical purposes but suggests that if it is so used
it be accompanied by an explanatory note to the effect
that the designation is taken from Italian official
publications; that it is used by the Department of Commerce
solely for the purpose of supplying statistical information
in the form contained in Italian official publications and
that the use of the term by the Department of Commerce has
no legal or political significance.

Le: FXW: EH: SS

IVISION OF COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS

March 20,1939

N.E.

Mr. Willard:

Letter of July 30,1938 from Commerce Department and the Department's reply of September 8,1938 concerning the use of the term "Italian East Africa" are charged to N.E. (Mr. Willard), January 26,1939. (File: 865d.014/5)

lec R.599

Memorandum of Ganyamanions STA

(telephone)

LEGAL ADVISER

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

DATE: September 27, 1938.

1938 OCT 13 AM 10 48

SUBJECT: Addressing of Mail to Ethiopia.

OMMUNICATIONS
AND RECORDS

PARTICIPANTS: Mr. Webber

of Post Office Department.

Mr. Villard

COPIES TO:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OCT 1 1 838

DIVISION OF STATE

NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS

· 1—1403

Mr. Webber, an official of the Post Office Department, informally inquired by telephone today whether we could make any suggestions in regard to the addressing of mail to Ethiopia. He observed that, as we knew, Ethiopia was now included by the Italian authorities under the designation "Italian East Africa," the capital of which is Asmara, in the territory formerly known as Eritrea. The question had now arisen whether mail addressed to Addis Ababa should carry the designation "Italian East Africa", or whether such an act on the part of the Post Office would constitute recognition of Italian sovereignty over that area.

Mr. Webber said that the matter had come up in connection with a printed form supplied by the Post Office
Department

8650.014/6

Department to trace missing or delayed mail. Complaints that addressees had not received certain articles known to have been sent from the United States, such as registered letters, parcels, et cetera, were filled out on this form. I asked Mr. Webber whether many such complaints had been received in the case of mail addressed to Addis Ababa, to which he replied that he had not gone into this subject fully with the Inspector in charge, but that he assumed that some such situation had given rise to the present query. He added that he would investigate this point further and let us know.

I said that I would take up the matter with the appropriate officials of this Department and that as soon as an opinion had been reached I would call him on the telephone. Mr. Webber made it clear that his inquiry was a purely informal one, but that if it were found that mail addressed to "Ethiopia" was being delayed or lost en route, the subject would be brought formally to our attention.

NE:HSV/GC

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

OFPARTMENT OF STATE

OFPARTMENT OF STATE

OFFICE OF S

938 OCT 13 AM 10

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
October 11, 1938.

DIVISION:

Mr. Webber of the Post Office Department telephoned again today and, in response to my inquiry, Mr. Hamlin brought over the attached memorandum setting forth the views of Eu in regard to the question of mail addressed to Addis Ababa.

I telephoned the substance of this memorandum to Mr. Webber and said that if the Post Office Department could furnish any concrete illustrations of mail being delayed or failing to reach its destination when addressed to "Ethiopia", the Department would be glad to give the matter further study. I said that otherwise we saw no reason to substitute "Italian East Africa" for the territory known as "Ethiopia".

Mr. Webber thanked me and said he would communicate with us further if the inspector in charge should furnish him with any instances in which mail addressed to "Ethiopia" had been subject to delays or losses at the hands of the Italian authorities.

NE H.S. VILLARD/EG

DIVISION OF EUROPEANARTHENT OF STATE DEPARTM

October 11, 1938

938 OCT 13

AM 10 48

It is stated that Mr. Webberton Department has informally raised the question whether mail addressed to Addis Ababa should carry the designation "Italian East Africa" or whether such an act on the part of the Post Office Department would constitute recognition of Italian sovereignty over that territory.

It would appear desirable not to bring up the question of recognition, even by implication, and in fact, it does not seem necessary to do so at this time in the manner indicated.

It is my understanding that by Italian fundamental law of June 1, 1936 Italian East Africa comprises the territories of the Empire of Ethiopia, Eritrea, and Italian Somalia, and that each territory has a juridical The Empire of Ethiopia, by the same law, in turn, status. comprises the (1) Government of Amara, (2) Government of Galla and Sidama, (3) Government of Harar, and (4) Government of Addis Ababa, the latter having been expanded and renamed Government of Scioia on September 1, 1938. A map of Italian East Africa published in 1937 by the Istituto Geografico de Agostini shows the Empire of

Ethiopia

Ethiopia, Eritrea, and Italian Somalia.

It would appear to be sufficient for mail for Addis
Ababa and other towns in Ethiopia to carry the designation "Ethiopia" with no reference to "Italian East Africa".

Incidentally, I find no record of the change of the capital of Italian East Africa from Addis Ababa to Asmara, or that Eritrea has lost its identity, as indicated by Mr. Webber.

865D.01/513

Eu:Hamlin:LF

gn#

Central File: Decimal File 865D.014, Internal Affairs Of States, Government. Mandates, Recognition., Italian East Africa, Territory. Maps, Oct. 22, 1936 - Oct. 11, 1938. October 22, 1936 - October 11, 1938. MS European Colonialism in the Early 20th Century. National Archives (United States). Archives Unbound, link.gale.com%2Fapps %2Fdoc%2FSC5109730766%2FGDSC%3Fu%3Domni%26sid%3Dbo okmark-GDSC. Accessed 18 June 2025.